## THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

PHO:NIX. ARIZONA
Published Every Morting by the
ARIZONA PUBLISHING COMPANY
Entered at the Fostoffice at Phoenix, Arizona, as Mail
Publishes and President. Dwight B. Heard
General Manager and Secretary. Charles A. Stauffer
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News Editor ... L. A. Young
SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE
Daily and Sunday
OUTSIDE STATE OF ARIZONA—One year, \$13.00;
6 mos. \$4.75; 2 mos. \$3.00; 1 mo., \$1.25.
IN ARIZONA BY MAIL OR CARRIER—One year, \$8.00;
6 mos. \$4.60; 3 mos., \$2.60; 1 mo., 75c.
SUNDAY EDITION by mail only—35.00 per year
Phone 4331 Private Branch Exchange
Connecting All Departments
General Adverticing Representatives: Robert E. Ward,

General Advertising Representatives: Robert E. Ward, Brunswick Bids. New York Mailers Bids, Chicago; W. R. Barranger, Examiner Bidg., San Francisco, Post Intelligencer Bidg., Sentile. Title Insurance Bidg. Les Angeles Alembers Of The ASSOCIATED PRESS Receiving Full Night Report, by Leased Wire The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for re-publication of all new dispatches credited to the oral news published herein.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1921

The expectations of life depend upon diligence; and the mechanic that would perfect his work, must first sharpen his tools.

-Confucius.

#### The State of Business

We have been following pretty closely for the past year the observations of the Credit Clearing House of New York in credit checking. These summaries are issued weekly. For the making of these bservations the country is divided into sections-the Pacific Coast the Mountain, North Agricultural, Middle Agricultural, South Agricultural and the East sections. Arizona belongs in the mountain section.

The average condition for the whole country to December 2 of this year is summarized as follows: Purchases are more active than a week ago and a year ago, but less than two years ago.

Indebtedness is less than a week ago and a year ago, but more than two years ago.

Payments are less active than in any of the three

periods of comparison. Thus in estimating conditions there are three factors, purchases, indebtedness and payments. The mountain section contributes more than any other section to the better total showing of last week and the highest showing of the last two years as follows:

Purchases are more active than a week ago and a year ago, but less than two years ago. Indebtedness is less than in any of the three

periods of comparison. Payments are much more active than last week, slightly less than a year ago, and less than two years

The Credit Clearing House commenting on this nountain section showing says:

In contrast with the Pacific coast, there is exceptionally active buying by the general public in this section, shown by highly satisfactory pay-

### Do Fish Think?

"Do fish think?" asks a would-be scientist. We to not know. We have seen some "poor fish" who seemed not to think, but perhaps they did after a fashion. But any one who spends his time wondering about the intellectual equipment and operations of the so-called lower orders is about as useful to soclety as an unthinking fish.

To know whether fish think or not would perhaps be some satisfaction of the curiosity of certain minds but that would be all. If it were proved that fish do think we do not think that that would hasten the intellectual development of fish to an alarming

And we do not know why fish should not think after a fashion. We have always suspected that all animals and insects which move from place to place evidently on business of their own were doing some

Suspicion of the minus quality of the fish's intellect we suppose springs mostly from the fact that he doesn't seem to 'know enough to come in out of the wet." But there are humans who cannot stand that

Considering all the things, and many of them almost certainly of great importance, that we two legged fish do not know; considering our pitiful mistakes our starting in so many directions without arriving anywhere; that we do not know any more than the scaly fish do whence we came or whither we are going; that there may be superior beings in the air who are unprofitably wondering whether humans are gifted with reasoning powers; considering all these things we show some "crust" in debating whether

Formerly there was a sharp line drawn between man and the lower animals. On one side was reasoning power and on the other instinct. This line has been moved over on the side of the lower animals until now we agree that many of them are endowed with a considerabl degree of rasoning power.

### The Wisest Err

Even so wise a man as Anatole France who we hope is more than a passing fad, though we are not quite sure of it, notwithstanding he recently won one of the highest intellectual honors, the Nobel prize for literature has pulled a "boner." About the time we received news of the distinguished honor conferred upon him the Nation, New York, published an appeal over his name for the saving of Sacco and Vanzetti under sentence of death in Massachusetts for murder.

"In one of your states," says M. France to America, "two men, Sacco and Vanzetti, have been condemned for a crime of opinion."

Aside from the trifling detail that this is a flat misstatement of fact, we have no quarrel with M. France's assertion. From his mythical premise, he proceeds to develop a case against killing men for exercising the sacred right of opinion.

M. France might as well have begun his appeal

In one of your states two men, Sacco and Vanzetti, have been condemned for chewing gum."

He might then have developed a persuasive case, showing the unwisdom of killing men for the crime of chewing gum. This would all have been entirely unexceptionable, if somewhat platitudinous, though the reader might impatiently inquire just what bearing the polemic had upon the cases of Sacco and

Sacco and Vanzetti were convicted of the crime of murder by a jury in Massachusetts. The trial was carefully conducted. A rehearing was granted in order that any later evidence, which might conflict with me pury's verdict, could be introduced.

M. France has simply made himself absurd in

the eyes of the whole American public. Had The Nation been a real friend to the great Frenchman of letters, it would have held out his article, and posted to him an exact statement of the facts. An intellectual and a winner of the Nobel prize can get away with almost anything at all subtle; but he cannot get away with an assertion that Mary Garden is the American secretary of state, or that Sampel Gompers made 59 home runs in the American league last season. It happens that there are some elementary facts about themselves with which the Americans are, unfortunately for M. France, familiar. Not even a great literary man is exempt from the duty of acquainting himself with the facts before he talks,

### A Road Experiment

Illinois has a big road roads project on hand It wishes to make as sure as possible by experiment that it does the right thing in material and make-up of its highways. For this purpose the state in conjunction with the federal government has built a stretch of road two and a half miles long near Springfield. On this stretch the clinic is being conducted, and exact observations are being made for guidance in the main project.

In this road there are seven general types of paving. Represented in these types are the chief materials used in road building. Engineers will subject the several types to traffic of varying degrees of volume and weight, the maximum wheel-load to be 12,000 pounds or half as much again as the legal load in the state.

Federal and state engineers have been taking frequent daily observations of the effect of heat, cold, moisture and other elements that enter properly into such a test of wearing ability. Traffic tests are made with trucks, the leads of which are gradually increased. These will be continued long enough to prove to the satisfaction of the engineers the comparative endurance of the several types. Those stretches that give out in advance of others will be discarded as not worthy of a place in the general

This experiment is made at considerable expense. but the engineers believe that through them they will be able to save the state many millions of dollars. At any rate, they will be able better to justify themselves in the choice of materials and types of

It is important in the spending of scores of millions of dollars for good roads that there be the utmost scientific information on the subject before hand. The final report on the Illinois experiment will be interesting to road builders throughout the country, whatever account may be taken of basic conditions elsewhere that are different from those in that state.

The ranks of the unemployed do not seem to be swelled by bandits. They find piece work fairly

Even the best whisky is a poor thing with which to run the automobile. No refinement of the carburetor seems to be able to make it adaptable,

Christmas turkeys are said to be selling in the northwest at 60 cents a pound. Up there they are burning corn for fuel. Anyway turkeys are not being fed to the flames.

Babe Ruth's demand for \$60,000 next season will be modified we suppose by Judge Landis' decision holding him out of the game for a month. A home run hitter has no chance against such a moundsman as the "Kenesaw Kid."

Phoenix is the most profitable field Mr. Roy publicity. He has had a longer run here and more attention than anywhere else along his circuit. In most places he has had, so to speak, only one night stands, "In again, out again, gone again," a rapid sequence once described by the laconic Mr. Flanni-

The Louisville Courier-Journal finds fault with the president because he does not go into details. It might have charged him in the same indictment with a neglect to start the fires of mornings, in the White House, of failing to milk the White House cow and of his avoidance of many other domestice details. But if the president does not himself personally attend to details other men are doing it,-among them, conspicuously, General Charles G. Dawes, director general of the budget.

### "FIDDLE'S FINE TO HAVE"

It is possible easily to acquire a reputation as a musician as one canny old Scot did. He would be in a friend's house, and in the course of conversation would ask: "Hey ye got a fiddle?" He knew his ground, and the answer would be in

"What a peety." he would add, "I would ha" played ye a tune."

At last the occasion arose, as it was bound to do, when his oft-repeated query, "Hev ye got a fiddle?" came the eager response, "Yes, we've got a fiddle!" But Sandy was equal to the occasion. "So ye've got a fiddle," said he, stroking his chin, "and a fiddle's a grand thing to hev!"-Edinburgh Scotsman,

A young man who was recently married thought he would take his wife to a little Sussex lodging house. where he used to spend his holidays. He told her he particularly wanted to go there, as they served such lovely honey at every meal.

The couple arrived, just in time for tea, so he escorted his wife proudly to a table in the dining room, then glanced round the board. There was no honey on the table, and none in the room. Very much surprised, he called a waiter.

"Here," said he, "where's my honey?" The waiter, at a loss what to say, finally leaned over the table and said in a stage whisper: "She doesn't work here now."-Edinburgh Scots-

#### RETURNING THE FAVOR "Have you ever made a serious effort to reform

"Often," replied Senator Sorghum, "But on one occasion I went too far. I got my community so thoroughly reformed that the folks began to study me to see if they couldn't discover some weak points that would permit them to reciprocate."-Washington Star.

#### SPEAKING OF BIRMINGHAM "Who's the mysterious stranger?" asked the town

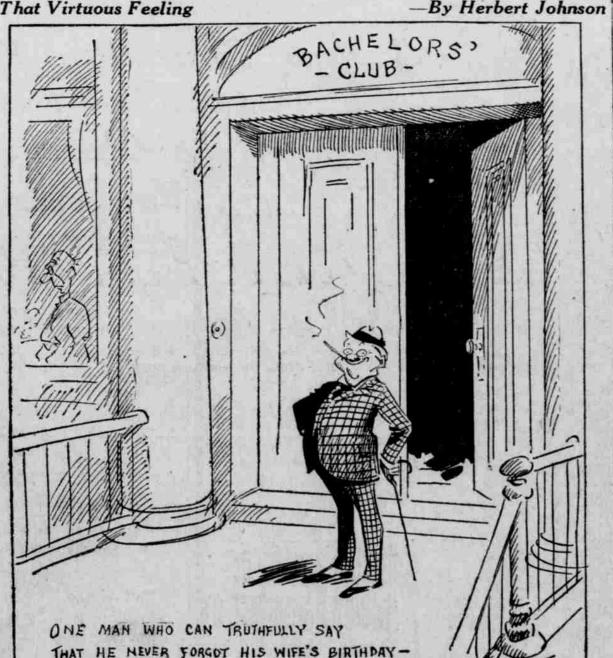
"A musical comedy scout. He's looking for re-

cruits." "Well, he's come to the wrong town. We haven't enough good looking girls around here to make a success of a tag day."-Birmingham Age-Herald.

IT DOES HELP Smith-No doubt appearance has a lot to do with

one's success. Brown-But not so much as success has to do with one's appearance.-Edinburg Scotsman,

That Virtuous Feeling



# TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued From Page 1)

1911, by Herbert Johnson

Only one conclusion has been possible. Frankly, members of house and senate, eager as I am to join you seek to undermine for others no into the making of an American mer-dustry by which they subsist; we are and senate, eager as I am to join you in the making of an American merchant marine commensurate with our comercial treaties would involve us in a chaos of trade relationships and add findescribably to the confusion of the already disordered commercial world. Our power to do so is not disputed, but power and ships, without comity of relationship, will not give us the expanded trade which is inseparably linked with a great merchant marine. Moreover, the applied reduction of duty, for which the treaty denouncements were necessary, encouraged only the carrying of dutiable imports to our shores, while the tonnage which unfurls the flag on the seas is both free and dutiable, and the cargoes which make a nation eminent in trade are outgoing, rather than incoming.

"It is not my thought to lay the problem in detail before you today. It is desired inly to say to you that the executive branch of the government, uninfluenced by the protest of any nation, for none has been that it can adapt itself to a scientific and wholly just administration of the lattern of the l

test of any nation, for none has been made, is well convinced that your proposal, highly intended and heartily difficulties and so marked by tend-encies to discourage trade expansion tional duties to meet conditions which though yet too crude to offer it today, gives such promise of expanding our merchant marine that it will
argue its own approval. It is enough
to say today that we are so possessed of ships and the American intention to establish a merchant marine is so unalterable that a plan of
reimbursement, at no other cost than
is contemplated in the existing act,
will appeal to the pride and encourage the hope of all the American
people.

TARIFF REVISION

There is before you the completion of the enactment of what has
been termed a 'permanent' tariff law.

If there were any other plan I would
prefer it.

"The grant of authority to proclaim
would necessarily bring the tariff
commission new and enlarged activities because no executive could discommission new and enlarged activities because no executive could discharge such a duty except upon the
information acquired and recommendations by this commission. But
the plan is feasible and the proper
functioning of the board would give
us a better administration of a defined policy than ever can be made
possible by tariff duties prescribed
without flexibility.

There is a manifest difference of
operative community has become a
recognized bulwark of law and order,
operative counting statements. In a world
where there are tens of millions who
need food and clothing, which they
cannot get, such a condition is sure
to-indict the social system which
makes it possible.

Co-operative Marketing
'In the main the remedy lies in
distribution and marketing. Every
proper encouragement should be
given to the co-operative counting to the grant of authority to proclaim
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need food and clothing, which they
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given to the co-operative counting the tomakes it possible.

"In the main the rems of marketing in the tariff of the social system which
makes it possib day, gives such promise of expand-ing our merchant marine that it will

been termed & 'permanent' tariff law, the word 'permanent' being used to distinguish it from the emergency which the congress expedited early in the extracrainary session and definite our trade relations abroad. More, it is vital to the preservation

far wrong when we base our tarifts on the policy of preserv-

we buy unless we produce at home. Sensible of every obligation of humanity, commerce and finance, link ed as they are in the present world we need destroy ourselves to be help-ful to others. With all my heart, ful to others. With all my heart, I wish restoration to the peoples blighted by the awful world war, but tions. It were better to remain on firm ground, strive for ample employment and high standards of wages at home, and point the way to balanced budgets, rigid economy and resolute efficient work as the necessary remedies to cure disaster.

TABLE EXPANSION

The grown encouragingly less and renewed confiner was assurances and renewed confiner was assurances and renewed confiner was a functional problem.

Transportation Problem

Transportation Problem

"We have a just pride in our great deciaration that American industry will be held secure.

"Much has been said about the larger distribution of its population protective policy for ourselves making it impossible for our debtors to by self-sufficient smaller communi-

nation, not by normal processes, but made so by war. It is not an unworthy selfishness to seek to save ourselves when the processes of that

FLEXIBLE TARIFF "I am not unmindful of the con-stitutional difficulties. These can be orted here, is so fraught with met by giving authority to the chief

early in the extracrdinary session and which is the law today. I cannot too strongly urge an early completion of this necessary legislation. It is needed to stabilize our industry at home; it is essential to make more definite our trade relations abroad.

Collecting duties that is, they take vation of the Russian state.

There is the appeal for this extracrdinary session and the control of the imports delivered at the cost of the sect that the cost of the community as a whole to either the community as a whole to set forth the sect the community as a whole to either the community as a whole to eit definite our trade relations abroad, definite our trade relations abroad. More, it is vital to the preservation of many of our own industries which contribute so notably to the very life blood of our nation.

"There is now, and there always will be, a storm of conflicting opinion about any tariff revision. We cannot live without the invalidation of the cannot be farmer. He is justified in rebelling against the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration. However, I is justified in rebelling against the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration. He is justified in rebelling against the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration. He is justified in rebelling is like to set up judicial or quasi your earlied to the things requiring your casefully defined, it should be poscare upon the cannot live without the cannot live without the ispan to solve the cannot live without the ispan to solve a special or of the consideration. However, I cannot against the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration. However, I is justified in rebelling ispan to the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration of all disputes which menace the public welfare. The is justified in rebelling ispan the transportation cost, Given died tribunals for the consideration of all disputes which menace the public welfare. The is justified in rebelling ispan the transportation cost, Given died to the things requiring your case upon the farmer. He is justified in rebelling ispan the transportation cost, Given died to the things requiring title farmer. He is justified in rebelling ispan the transportation cost. Given died to the transportation co ity of the only promising alternative, requirement and guard against distarifts on the policy of preservnamely, a provision authorizing prothe productive activities, which claimed American valuation, under Back to Farm Movement

dustrial and commercial exclusion and at the same time do the just today, and entirely out and at the same time do the just If our tariffs are to be made thing in alding world recognition and readjustment. We do not seek a self-time to the first and hinder our imports and hinder our trade abroad, frequent adjustment to the movement, but it has gone that the necessity of buying wherever we sell, and the permanence of trade to the modern contact would halt the movement, but it has gone that the necessity of buying wherever will be necessary for years to come. Knowing the impossibility of modification by act of congress for anyone lies in its acceptable exchanges. In our pursuit of markets we must give ling a long array of schedules, I think our pursuit of markets we must give ing a long array of schedules, I think basing points, until industries are as well as receive. We cannot sell to others who do not produce, nor can we buy unless we produce at home. The the tariff commission's fitness to of uneconomic and wasteful translamation.

we need destroy ourselves to be helpful to others. With all my heart,
I wish restoration to the peoples
blighted by the awful world war, but
the process of restoration does not
lie in our acceptance of like conditions. It were better to remain on
firm ground strive for ample em-

"Everything relating to trade among ourselves and among nations has been expanded, excessive, infinited, abnorma and there is a madness in finance which no American policy has been expanded, excessive, information finance which no American policy has been a people in lilleness pressing for the payment of indebtedness, places no destruction of things alone can cure. We are a creditor or a people resuming the normal

war and throw off the crusing bur-dens of armaments. It is all very

that I invite your tolerance of noncompliance for a very few weeks
until a plan may be presented which
contemplates no greater draft upon
the particular treasury, and which,
though yet too crude to offer it tothe office. They are already too large.
If there were any other plan I would
bright though yet too crude to offer it tothe office of the producers than
13,000,000 bales would have been.
Equally shocking is the statement
that 790,000,000 bushels of wheat,
raised by American farmers would
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bring them more money than a billife they are already too large.
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13,000,000 bales would have been.
Equally shocking is the statement
raised by American farmers would
bring them more money than a billife the congress may designate.

"There is a manifest difference of opinion about the American valuation. Many nations have adopted delivery valuation as the basis for collecting duties that is, they take

claimed American valuation, under prescribed conditions, on any given instead prosperity.

"Again comes the reminder that we must not be unmindful of the world conditions, that peoples are struggling for industrial rehabilitation and that we cannot dwell in inspectation."

Back to Farm Movement

"The base of the pyramid of civilization which rests upon the soil is shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the shrinking through the drift of point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of the other side's point of view, the same provision of view, the sam

mmend urgent changes by proc-tion,

Business Revival portation has attended and the cost-increased accordingly. The grain milling and meat packing industries "I am sure about Public opinion afford ample illustration, and the favoring the early determination of attending concentration is readily

alone can cure. We are a creditor or a people resuming the normal wought, of investments made,

BIBLE THOUGHT FOR TODAY

POWER OF THE WORD:-For the word of God is quick, and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword, piercing even to the dividing asunder of soul and spirit, and of the joints and marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart .- Hebrews 4: 12.

wealth involved. It only looks to a general policy of transportation, of distributed industry, and of highway construction, to encourage the spread of our population and restore the proper balance between city and country. The problem may well have your earnest attention.

"It has been perhaps the proudest claim of our American civilization that in dealing with human rela-tionships it has constantly moved toward such justice in distributing the product of human energy that it has improved continuously the economical status of the mass of peo-ple. Ours has been a highly pro-

has improved continuously the economical status of the mass of people. Ours has been a highly productive social organization. On the way up from the elemental stages of society we have eliminated slavery and serfdom and are now far on the way to the eliminated slavery and serfdom and are now far on the way to the eliminated slavery and serfdom and are now far on the way to the eliminated slavery and serfdom and are now far on the way to the eliminated slavery and serfdom and are now far on the way to the eliminated slavery and of the remainder 50 per centum is to be used for reclamation of arid lands by irrigation and 40 per centum is to be paid to the states in which the operations are located, to be used by them for school and road purposes.

"These resources are so vast and the development is affording so reliable a basis of estimate that the life that ultimately the present law will add in royalites and payments to the reasures of the federal government department expresses the belief that ultimately the present law will add in royalites and payments to the reasures of the federal government distributions of the most and the least favored classes in the community. But even that divergence has now come to the point where we bracket the very poor and the very rich together as the least fortunate classes. Our efforts may well be directed to improving the status of both.

"While this ext of problems is commonly apprehended under the

improving the status of both.

"While this set of problems is commonly apprehended under the general phrase capital and labor, it is really justly broader. It is a question of social economic organization. Labor has become a large contributor, through its suvings, to the stock of capital; while the people who own the largest individual aggregates of capital are themselves often hard and earnest laborers. Very often it is extremely difficult to draw the line of demarcation between the two groups; to determine whether a particular individual is entitled to be set down as laborer or as capitalist. In a very large proportion of cases he is both, and when he is both, he is the most useful citizen.

Industrial Tribunal

the most useful citizen.

Industrial Tribunal

Ways of employment and carrying the credit, let us choose the latter. Sometimes we appraise largest the human ill most vivid in our minds. We have been giving, and are giving now, of our influence and appeals to minimize the likelihood of war and throw off the cruzing burdens, in an organized way, through its chosen agents, is just as essential as is the right of capital to organize, which government can bestow. Measures are pending emposition, and are giving now, of our influence and appeals to minimize the likelihood of war and throw off the cruzing burdens of armaments. It is all very organize, to maintain corporations, to limit the liabilities of stockholders. Indeed, we have come to realize that

war and throw off the cruising burded with the deas of armaments. It is all very earnest, with a national soul impelling. But a people unemployed and gaunt with hunger, face a situation of gauntee, to maintain corporations, to limit he liabilities of stockholders, and our greater obligation today is to do reductivity and promoting fortunate and remunerative employment.

Agricultural Relief

Something more than tariff protection is required by American agriculture. To the farm has come the earlier and the heavier burdens of readjustment. There is actual depression in our agricultural industry, while agricultural prosperity is absolutely essential as is the right of capital to represent to maintain corporations, to limit he liabilities of stockholders and stockholder in a corporation for profit. Along this line of reasoning we shall make the greatest progress toward solution of our problem of capital to the general prosperity of the country.

"In the case of the corporation for the farm has come the earlier and the heavier burdens of the earlier and the heavier burdens of the corporation for the same and prosperity of the country.

"Congress has sought very earnestly to provide relief. It has promptly when engaged in the public service, the secondary relief as has been possible, but the call is insist. The provider relief as has been possible, but the call is insist the limitation of limited liability of the citizen as a stockholder in a corporation. Along this line of reasoning we shall make the limitation of liability of the citizen as a stockholder in a corporation for profit. Along this line of reasoning we shall make and remutation of a labor organization and labor.

"In the case of the corporation shall be provide relief to the provide relief in a fortunate the inhited liability of the citizen as a stockholder in a corporation for profit. Along the first of the citizen as a stockholder in a corporation for profit. Along the first of the citizen as a stockholder in a corporation for profit. Along the first o

"It is rather shocking to be told and to have the statement strongly supported that 9,000,000 bales of cotton, raised on American plantations in a given year, actually will be worth more to the producers than 12,000,000 bales would have been Equally shocking is the statement that 700,000,000 bushels of were work war, so we may well look about for recommend the appropriation necessary to supply the American relief administration with 10,000,000 bushels of corn and 1,000,000 bushels of seed grains, not alone to halt the wave of death through starvation, but to enable spring planting in areas where seed grains have been exhausted temporarily to stem starvation. war, so we may well look about for means to settle the differences between organized capital and organity of the differences between organized capital and organity of the differences between nations without resort to the property of the differences between organized capital and organity of the differences between nations without resort to the property of the differences between nations without resort to the property of the differences between the differences means to settle the differences be-tween organized capital and organ-ized labor without resort to those forms of warfare which we recog-

> "As we have great bodies of law carefully regulating the organiza-tion and operations of industrial and financial corporations, as we have treaties and compacts among nations which look to the settlement of differences without the necessity of canfiller in differences without the necessity of relief within the states concerned, it conflict in arms, so we might well will have federal consideration. It have plans of conference, of common counsel, of mediation, arbitration and judicial determination in controversies between labor and capital. To accomplish this would involve the sies between labor and capital. To accomplish this would involve the necessity to develop a thorough-going code of practice in dealing with such affairs. It might well frankly such affairs. It might well frankly inc's peril.

would necessitate the exercise of edness would be beneficial throughout care, of deliberation in the construction of a code and a charter of elemental rights, dealing with the relations of employer and employe. This foundation in the law, dealing with the modern conditions of social and the conditions of social and the modern conditions of social and the condition

government has been enabled to give homes to its returned soldiers and a large part of our settlement and delarge part of our settlement and de-velopment has attended this genervelopment has attended this gener-our provision of land for the nation's defenders and activities and carrying, until

RECLAMATION PROJECTS "There is yet unreserved ap-proximately 200,000,000 acres in the public domain, 20,000,000 acres of which are known to be susceptible of reclamation and ade fit for homes by provision

for irrigation. "The government has been as-sisting in the development of its remaining lands, until the esti-mated increase in land values in irrigated sections is fully \$500,000,000 and the crops of 1920 alone on these lands are estimated to exceed \$100,000,000. Under the law authorizing

these expenditures for develop-ment, the advances are to be rement, the advances are to be re-turned and it would be good busi-ness for the government to pro-vide for the reclamation of the remaining 20,000,000 acres, in ad-dition to expediting the comple-tion of projects long under way. COAL AND GAS LEASES

"Under what is known as the coal and gas lease law, applicable also to deposits of phosphates and other minerals on the public domain, leases are now being made on the royalty basis, and are producing large revenues to the government. Under this legislation, 10 per centum of all roy-

ticipation is assured.

AMERICAN HOMES

ized labor without resort to those forms of warfare which we recognize under the names of strikes, lockouts, boycotts and the like, American hands without hindrance or loss. The time has come to add the government support to the wonderful relief already wrought out of the generosity of the American private

war or armed revolution in the do-main of politics. The same disposi-tion to reasonableness to concilia-public debt, federal, state and mution is possible.

"The consideration of such a policy hait in the growth of public indebt-

"Such a change in the constitution the modern conditions of social and the modern conditions of social and economic life would hasten the national debt, how it will operate on building of the temple of peace in industry which a rejoicing nation municipal debt, how the advantages of nation over state and municipal or REWARD EX-SERVICE MEN
"After each war, until the last, the we are discouraging the very activi-

ARMS CONFERENCE "Agreeable to your expressed desire and in complete accord with the pur-poses of the legislative branch of the

government, there is in Washington as you happily know an international conference now most carnestly at work on plans for the limitation of armaments, a naval holiday and the just settlement of problems which might develop into causes of international disagreement.
"It is easy to believe a world hope

is centered on this capital city.